

	Title	Speaker
Part -1	Seminar on Study of Technology of Pre-tensioning Spun Pile in Myanmar	May Pwint Phyu M.E (Civil) R.E-01934 Associate Asian Engineer (AAE5052)
Part -2	Seminar on Study of Technology of Post-tensioning Segmental Girder in Myanmar	Zaw Lwin Moe B.E (Civil) R.S.E-0459

Seminar on Study of Technology of Pre-tensioning Spun Pile in Myanmar

Present by
May Pwint Phyu
M.E (Civil)
Associate Member of Asian Engineer

Content

- I. Introduction to Pre-stressed Precast Concrete Spun Pile Industry
- II. Advantages of Spun Pile
- III. Structure of Pre-cast Concrete Spun Pile
- IV. Specification
- V. Structural Capacity of Spun Pile
- VI. Calculation formula for Capacity of Spun Pile
- VII. Connection Detail
- VIII. Workflow in Manufacturing
- IX. Workflow in Installation

I. Introduction to Pre-stressed Precast Concrete Spun Pile Industry

In Japan, development of PC Spun Pile began in 1962, with the first large-scale use in bridge pier foundations for the Tokyo Metropolitan Expressway.

Over the 54 years since, PC Spun Pile has been used for all types of structures such as buildings and highway structures, and it is a widely recognized preferred foundation material along with cast-in-place pile and steel pipe pile.

In Myanmar, spun pile was started production on 2016 by I&H Engineering Co.ltd. Mainly use for foundation of buildings, bridges and jetty projects.

In this Seminar, a presentation will be made of the structure, advantages, and production method of PC Spun Pile.



II. Advantages of Pre-cast Concrete Spun Pile



Centrifugal forming results in uniform and compact concrete



Number of joints can be small



Uniformity of property



Compact concrete increase corrosion resistance



Japan Quality System



Reduction of Construction Site Risk



Pre-Qualification on Product Before Installation



Providing of Product On Time in Construction Schedule,



Against for Rainy Season



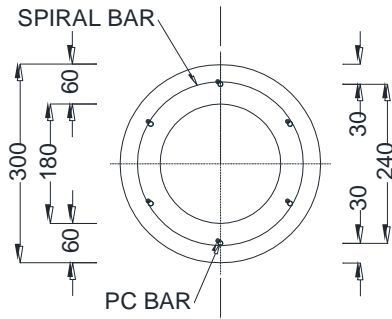
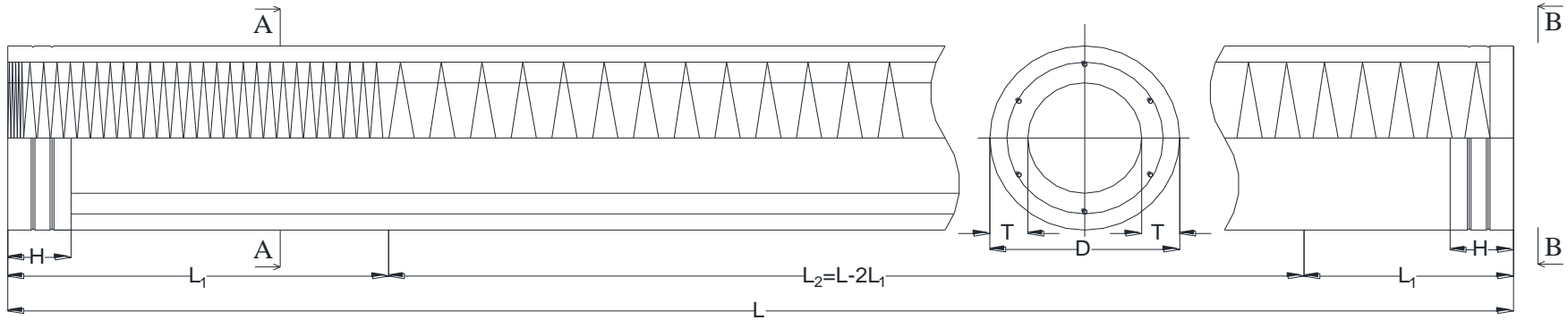
Reduction of Quality Control Work on Site



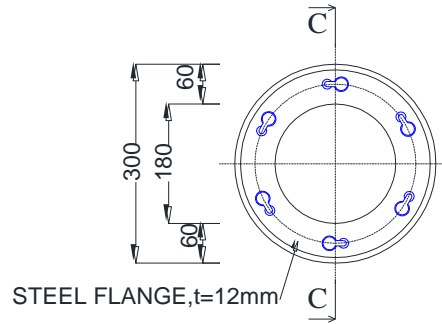
- Save Environmental Condition

III. Structure of Pre-cast Concrete Spun Pile

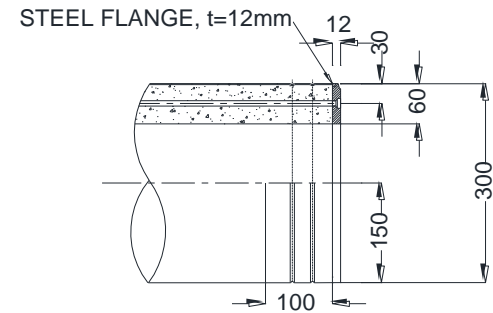
(Ref: I&H)



SECTION A-A



SECTION B-B



SECTION C-C

IV. Specification

JIS A5335 – Pretensioned Spun Concrete Piles

Diameter : 300mm, 350mm,400mm,450mm, 500mm, 600mm, 700mm, 800mm, 1000mm, 1200mm
Type : Type A , Type B , Type C (based on cracking moment by bending)
Concrete Strength : Grade Cylinder 50

JIS A5337 – Pretensioned Spun High Strength Concrete Piles

Diameter : 300mm, 350mm,400mm,450mm, 500mm, 600mm, 700mm, 800mm, 1000mm
Type : Type A , Type B , Type C (based on cracking moment by bending)
Concrete Strength : Grade Cylinder 80



Foundation for High Raise Building , Warehouse , Factory , Bridge , Jetty , Oil Tank , Retaining wall and etc.,
JIS Japanese Standard , High Technology , to improve the infrastructure sector .

V. Structural Capacity of Pre-cast Concrete Spun Pile

Cylinder 50MPa (Ref: I&H)

No.	Dimension					PC-bar Dia. (mm)	No. of PC Bar (Nos)	Effective Pre-stress (N/mm ²)	Crack Bending Moment (kN.m)	Break Bending Moment (kN.m)	Allowable Bearing Capacity		Allowable Shear Capacity		Allowable Tensile Capacity	
	Dia. (mm)	Thickness (mm)	Length (m)	Weight (ton/m)	Class						Permanent (kN)	Temporary (kN)	Permanent (kN)	Temporary (kN)	Permanent (kN)	Temporary (kN)
1	300	60	6 ~ 13	0.118	A	7.1	6	4.4	24.6	40.2	706	1,059	51	64	251	297
					B	9.0	8	8.7	35.7	72.0	658	987	68	85	511	607
					C	10.0	8	10.3	40.1	82.8	640	960	74	92	619	740
2	350	65	6 ~ 15	0.151	A	7.1	7	4.0	36.4	56.6	914	1,371	62	79	298	358
					B	10.0	7	7.4	49.8	96.6	865	1,298	81	102	573	695
					C	10.7	9	10.3	61.9	127.6	824	1,236	94	117	797	952
3	400	75	6 ~ 15	0.199	A	7.1	10	4.3	56.2	90.9	1,197	1,795	82	105	416	495
					B	10.0	10	8.0	78.3	154.1	1,127	1,691	107	135	805	966
					C	10.7	11	9.7	88.9	181.9	1,095	1,643	117	146	995	1,198
4	450	80	6 ~ 15	0.242	A	9.0	7	4.0	75.8	117.2	1,460	2,190	99	127	476	571
					B	10.0	14	8.4	113.0	236.6	1,366	2,049	137	171	1,024	1,221
					C	10.7	14	10.1	127.3	260.8	1,321	1,981	149	185	1,251	1,499
5	500	90	6 ~ 15	0.301	A	9.0	9	4.1	105.7	166.3	1,818	2,727	125	159	606	725
					B	9.0	18	7.8	147.9	288.1	1,712	2,568	165	207	1,193	1,436
					C	10.7	18	10.4	179.2	367.5	1,637	2,456	188	234	1,600	1,910
6	600	100	6 ~ 15	0.408	A	9.0	12	4.1	176.2	270.5	2,462	3,693	168	215	821	982
					B	10.0	24	8.4	260.3	548.3	2,309	3,463	230	288	1,732	2,065
					C	10.7	24	10.2	295.4	604.5	2,227	3,341	251	313	2,132	2,552

V. Structural Capacity of Pre-cast Concrete Spun Pile

Cube 80MPa (Ref: I&H)

No.	Dimension					PC-bar Dia. (mm)	No. of PC Bar (Nos)	Effective Pre-stress (N/mm ²)	Crack Bending Moment (kN.m)	Break Bending Moment (kN.m)	Allowable Bearing Capacity		Allowable Shear Capacity		Allowable Tensile Capacity	
	Dia. (mm)	Thick-ness (mm)	Length (m)	Weight (ton/m)	Class						Per-manent (kN)	Tem-porary (kN)	Per-manent (kN)	Tem-porary (kN)	Per-manent (kN)	Tem-porary (kN)
1	300	60	6 ~ 13	0.118	A	7.1	6	4.4	24.6	40.2	938	1,407	51	66	251	297
					B	9.0	8	8.7	35.7	72.0	897	1,346	69	87	511	607
					C	10.0	8	10.3	40.1	82.8	882	1,323	75	93	619	740
2	350	65	6 ~ 15	0.151	A	7.1	7	4.0	36.4	56.6	1,212	1,818	63	81	298	358
					B	10.0	7	7.4	49.8	96.6	1,170	1,755	82	103	573	695
					C	10.7	9	10.3	61.9	127.6	1,135	1,702	96	119	797	952
3	400	75	6 ~ 15	0.199	A	7.1	10	4.3	56.2	90.9	1,590	2,385	83	106	416	495
					B	10.0	10	8.0	78.3	154.1	1,530	2,294	109	137	805	966
					C	10.7	11	9.7	88.9	181.9	1,503	2,254	119	149	995	1,198
4	450	80	6 ~ 15	0.242	A	9.0	7	4.0	75.8	117.2	1,936	2,905	101	129	476	571
					B	10.0	14	8.4	113.0	236.6	1,858	2,787	139	174	1,024	1,221
					C	10.7	14	10.1	127.3	260.8	1,817	2,726	151	188	1,251	1,499
5	500	90	6 ~ 15	0.301	A	9.0	9	4.1	105.7	166.3	2,412	3,618	127	162	606	725
					B	9.0	18	7.8	147.9	288.1	2,320	3,480	167	210	1,193	1,436
					C	10.7	18	10.4	179.2	367.5	2,257	3,386	191	238	1,600	1,910
					A	9.0	12	4.1	176.2	270.5	3,267	4,900	171	219	821	982

V. Structural Capacity of Pre-cast Concrete Spun Pile

Cylinder 80MPa (Ref: I&H)

No.	Dimension					PC-bar Dia. (mm)	No. of PC Bar (Nos)	Effective Pre-stress (N/mm ²)	Crack Bending Moment (kN.m)	Break Bending Moment (kN.m)	Allowable Bearing Capacity		Allowable Shear Capacity		Allowable Tensile Capacity	
	Dia. (mm)	Thick-ness (mm)	Length (m)	Weight (ton/m)	Class						Per-manent (kN)	Tem-porary (kN)	Per-manent (kN)	Tem-porary (kN)	Per-manent (kN)	Tem-porary (kN)
1	300	60	6 ~ 13	0.118	A	7.1	6	4.2	27.7	42.0	1,173	1,760	60	77	241	288
					B	10.0	6	8.1	37.8	72.3	1,141	1,711	79	99	481	576
					C	10.0	8	10.3	43.8	89.9	1,124	1,686	87	110	619	740
2	350	65	6 ~ 15	0.151	A	7.1	7	4.0	41.8	58.7	1,510	2,265	75	97	298	358
					B	10.0	7	7.4	55.4	102.5	1,475	2,212	97	122	573	695
					C	10.0	9	9.2	62.9	124.6	1,457	2,185	106	134	722	877
3	400	75	6 ~ 15	0.199	A	7.1	10	4.3	64.4	94.7	1,983	2,974	99	128	416	495
					B	10.0	10	8.0	86.7	164.0	1,932	2,898	128	162	805	966
					C	10.0	11	8.7	91.0	176.7	1,923	2,884	133	167	906	1,108
4	450	80	6 ~ 15	0.242	A	9.0	7	4.0	87.2	121.5	2,413	3,619	120	155	476	571
					B	10.0	14	8.4	124.7	253.0	2,351	3,526	163	205	1,024	1,221
					C	10.0	14	9.0	129.4	253.8	2,331	3,496	168	211	1,133	1,379
5	500	90	6 ~ 15	0.301	A	9.0	9	4.1	121.4	172.6	3,006	4,509	151	195	606	725
					B	9.0	18	7.8	164.0	306.0	2,929	4,393	197	249	1,193	1,436
					C	10.0	18	9.3	182.0	358.9	2,898	4,348	212	267	1,451	1,759
					A	9.0	12	4.1	202.4	279.8	4,071	6,107	203	263	821	982

VI. Structural Calculation Formula for Spun Pile Product

- $M_{cr} = (I_e/y_e) (\sigma_{tu} + \sigma_{ce} + \sigma_N)$
- $P_{ap} = (1/3) (\sigma_{cu} - \sigma_{ce}) A_c$
- $P_{at} = (1/2) (\sigma_{cu} - \sigma_{ce}) A_c$

Where:

- M_{cr} : Cracking moment
- M_u : Ultimate moment

Class A: $M_u = 1.5M_{cr}$

Class B: $M_u = 1.8M_{cr}$

Class C: $M_u = 2.0M_{cr}$

- P_{ap} : Permanent allowable bearing capacity of pile
- P_{at} : Temporary allowable bearing capacity of pile
- I_e : Moment of inertia
- y_e : Length from centroid to tensile edge of concrete (D/2)
- Σ_{cu} : Compressive strength of concrete ($\sigma_{cu} = 50\text{N/mm}^2$)
- Σ_{tu} : Flexural tensile strength of concrete ($\sigma_{tu} = 6\text{N/mm}^2$)
- Σ_{ce} : Effective prestress
- σ_N : Axial compressive stress working on a pile ($\sigma_N = 0$)
- A_c : Section area of pile

VI. Structural Calculation Formula for Spun Pile Product

Stress induced in concrete by bending moment and axial force

$$\sigma_c = \frac{N}{A} + \sigma_{ce} \pm \frac{M}{Z} \leq \sigma_{ca}$$

Where N: Axial force acting on pile

σ_c : Stress induced in concrete pile body

M: Bending moment acting on pile

σ_{ce} : Effective prestress in pile body

A: Section area of pile

σ_{ca} : Allowable stress of concrete

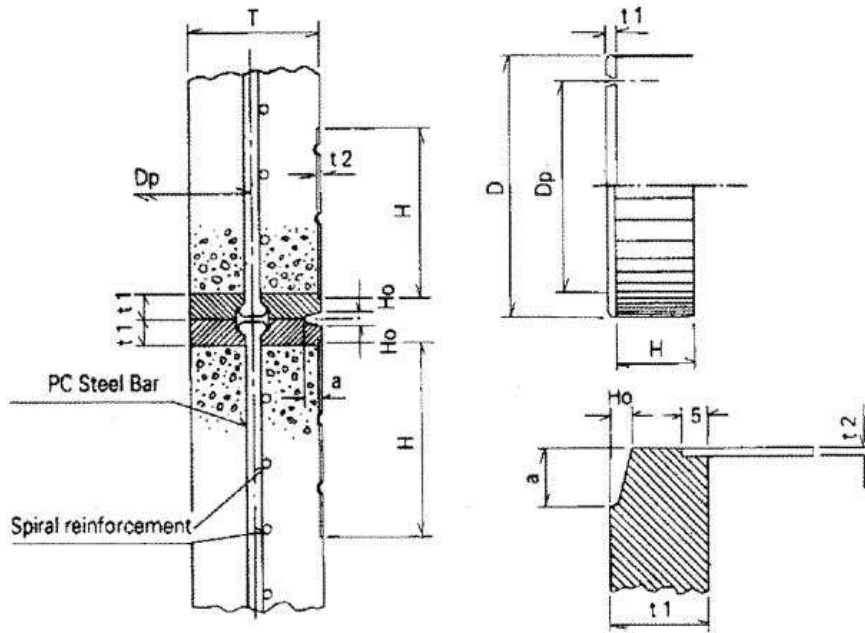
Z: Section modulus of pile

- 1) Allowable Capacity of pile (to be the minimum of:) allowable structural capacity allowable soil capacity
- 2) Bending moment and shear force from lateral load on pile to not exceed the pile's allowable bending moment and allowable shear force (include unit stress from vertical force). Unit stress induced in concrete to not exceed allowable unit stress
- 3) Displacement of pile head to not exceed the allowable displacement of the structure

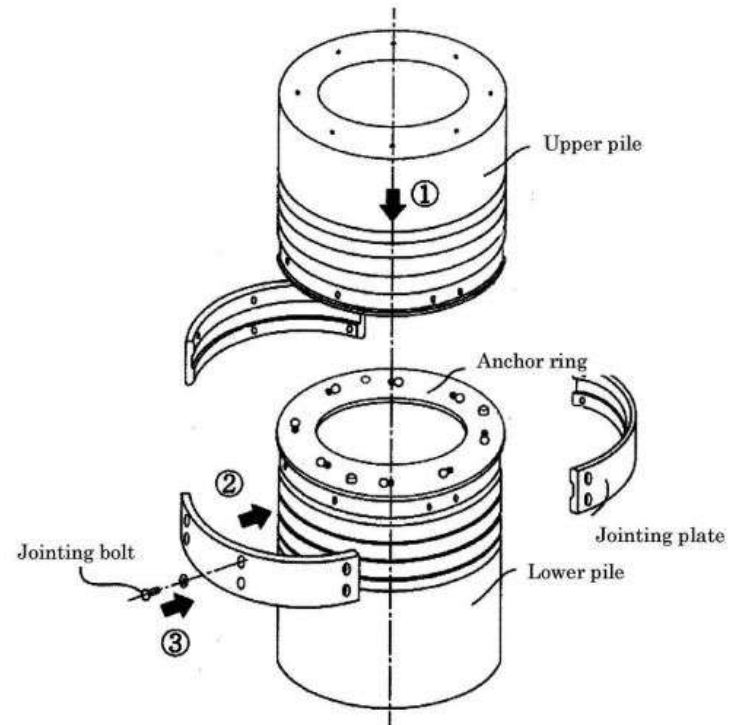
Pile head displacement is determined by lateral force on pile, stiffness of pile body, and strength of the soil.

VII. Connection Detail

VII.1 Joint of Spun Pile Product



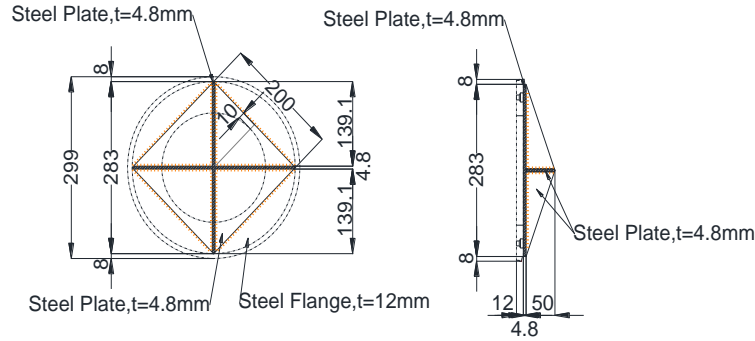
**1. Welding Joint Between Two Piles
(Standard)**



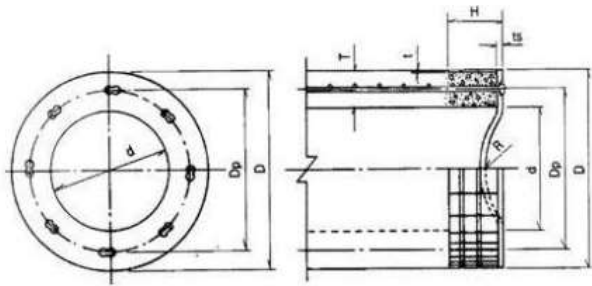
**2. Mechanical Joint Between Two Piles
(Example)**

VII. Connection Detail

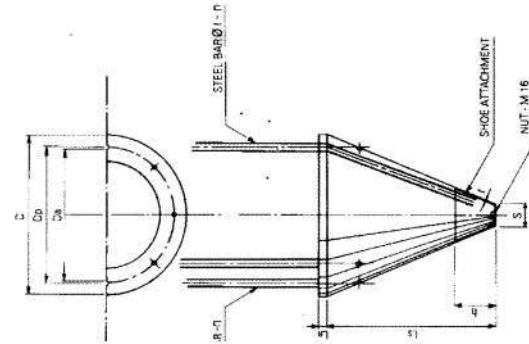
VII.2 Toe/Shoe of Spun Pile Product



1. Cross Shoe



2. Mamira Shoe (Concave-section shoe)



3. Pencil Shoe

Factory and Warehouse



Factory and Warehouse



Factory and Warehouse



Building



Reference Spun Pile Projects of I&H

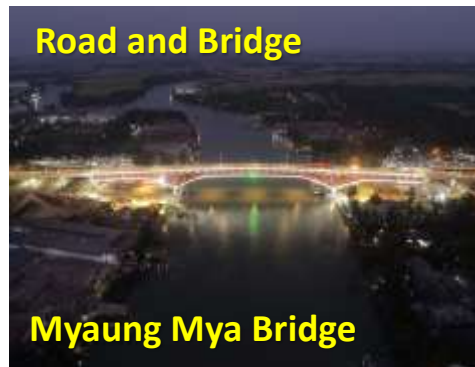
Treatment Plant



Silo



Road and Bridge



Oil Tank



II.1. Pre-cast Concrete Spun Pile

II.1.4 Price Comparison between Spun Pile and other piles

Project name	Bored Pile Design					Spun Pile Counter Design				
	Pile Size	Length (M)	No.pile pts	Total M	Price (USD)	Pile Size	Length (M)	No .pile pts	Total M	Price (USD)
City Loft Project Phase 1 Star City , Thanlyin	Ø 800mm	30	6	180	559,000	Ø600mm	24	132	3,168	175,000
	Ø 800mm	35	11	385						
	Ø 1200mm	33	20	660						
	Ø 1200mm	36	24	864						
Construction Period	3 Month 2 points / day					1.5 Month 5 Points / day				

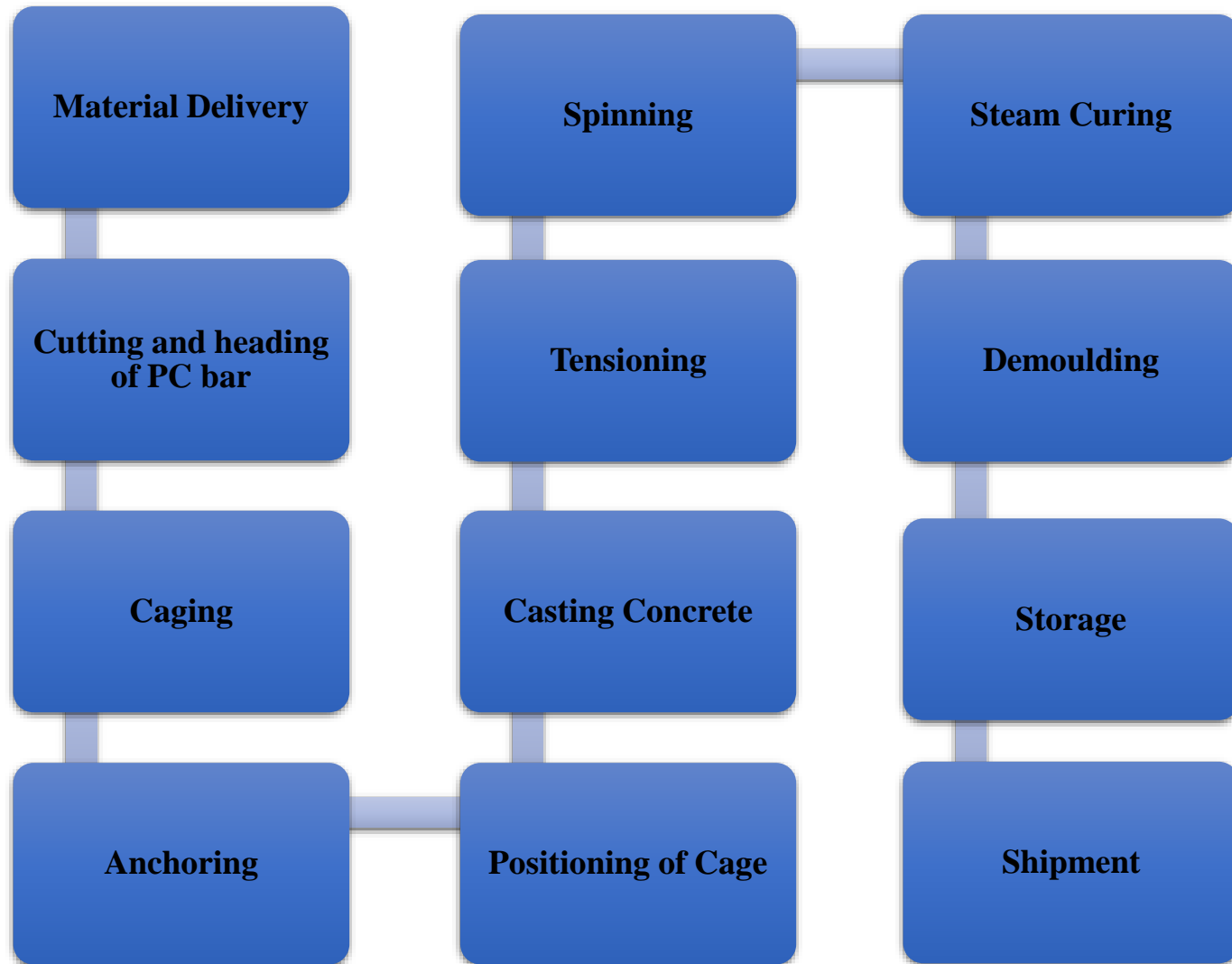
II.1. Pre-cast Concrete Spun Pile

II.1.4 Price Comparison between Spun Pile and other piles

Project name	RC Pile Design					Spun Pile Counter Design				
	Pile Size	Length (M)	No.pile pts	Total M	Price (USD)	Pile Size	Length (M)	No.pile pts	Total M	Price (USD)
Toyo Ink Factory PJ (Thilawa SEZ)	300mm x 300mm	12	420	5,040	90,720	Ø 300mm	18	248	4,464	71,424
FLP WareHouse (Thar kay Ta)	250mm x 250mm	24	971	23,304	256,344	Ø 300mm	30	345	10,350	165,600

High Quality can minimize quantities and save cost

VIII Workflow in Manufacturing Process of Spun Pile



Cutting of PC Bar



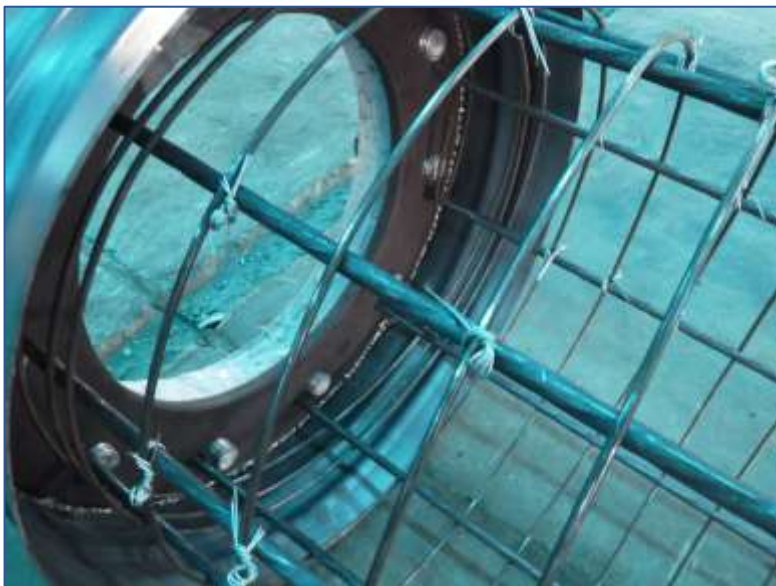
Heading of PC Bar



Caging



Anchoring



Positioning of Cage in Bottom Formwork



Casting Concrete



Upper Forming



Tensioning



Spinning



Steam Curing



Demoulding



IX. Workflow in Installation Process of Spun Pile

Delivery to Site



Material Receiving



Setting-up of Pile Machine



Testing Piling



Jointing by Welding

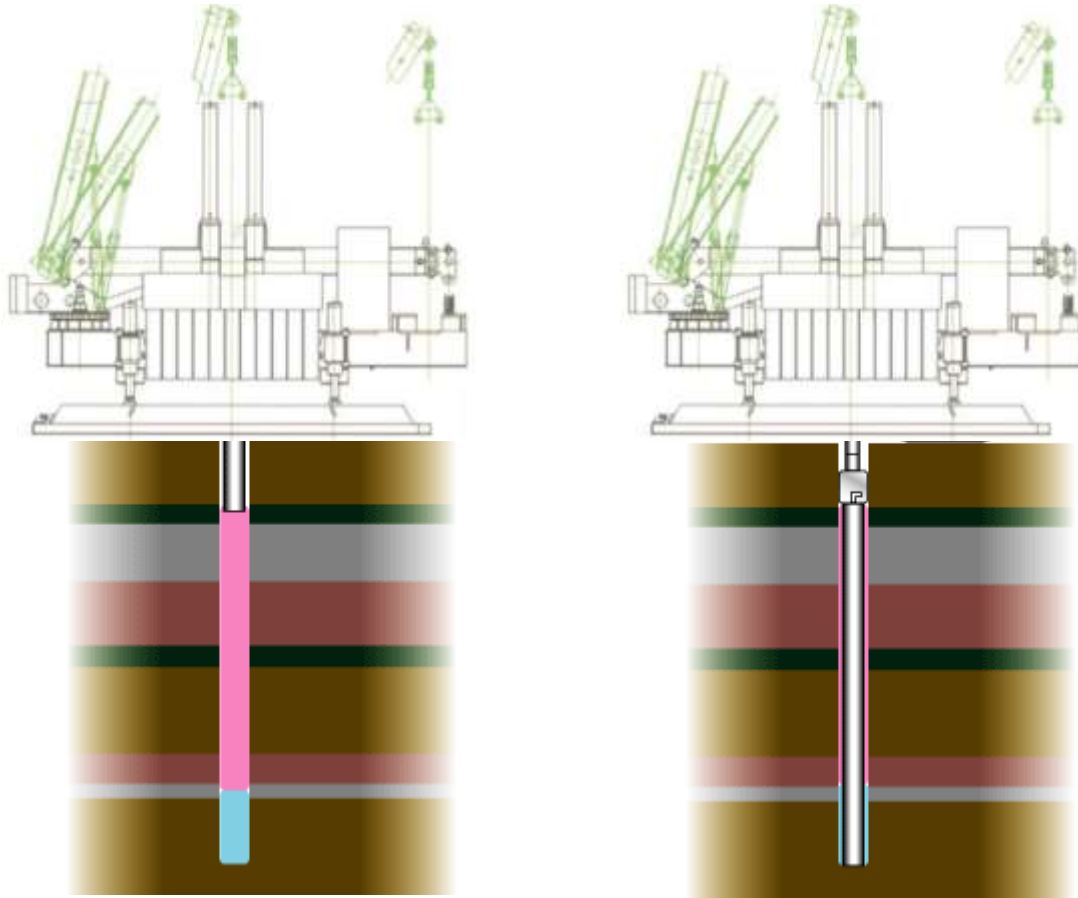


Installation of Jack-in-pile



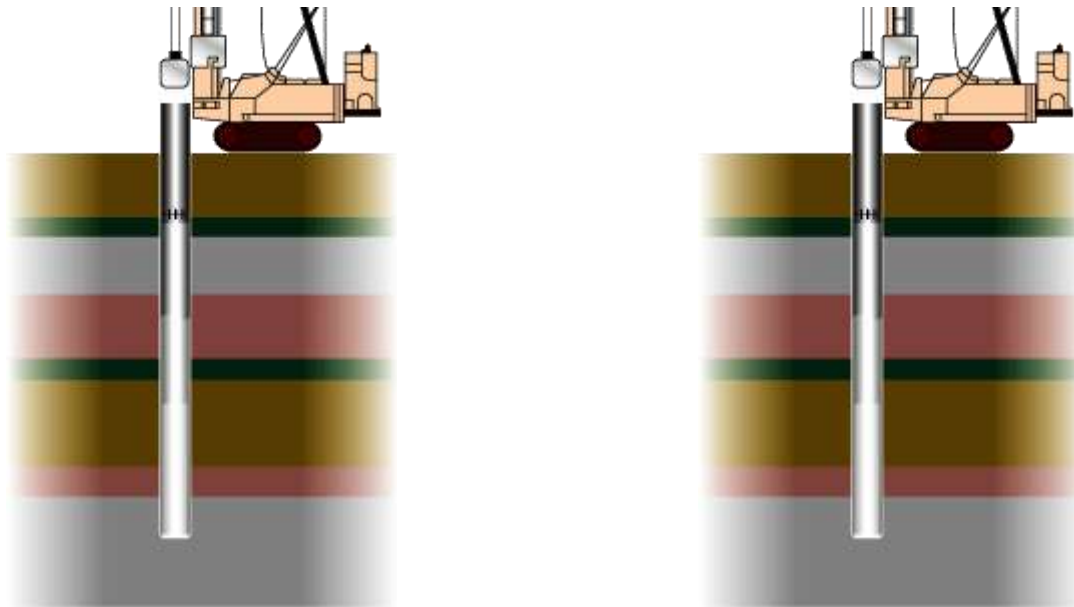
III.3. Construction Method for Spun Pile (currently)

Pile Installation using Jack-in-Pile Method



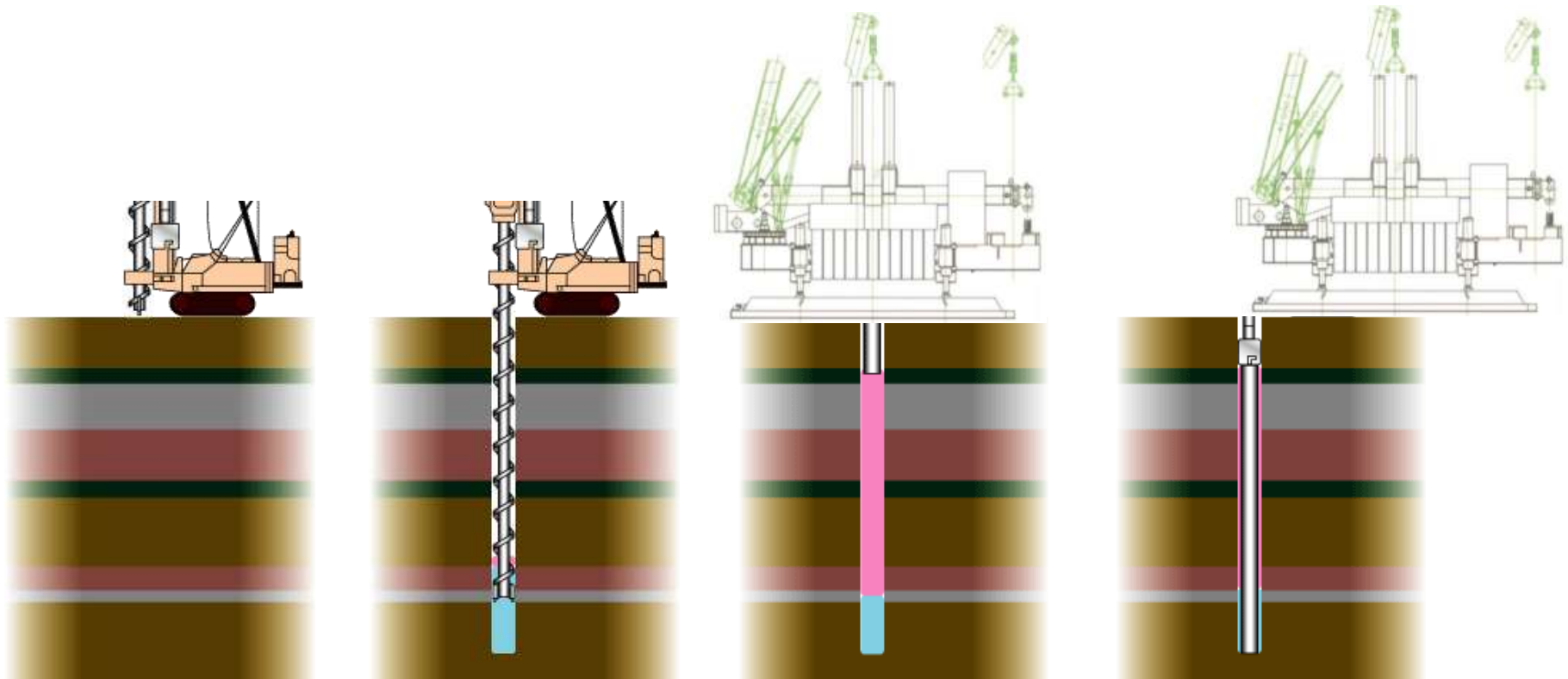
III.3. Construction Method for Spun Pile (currently)

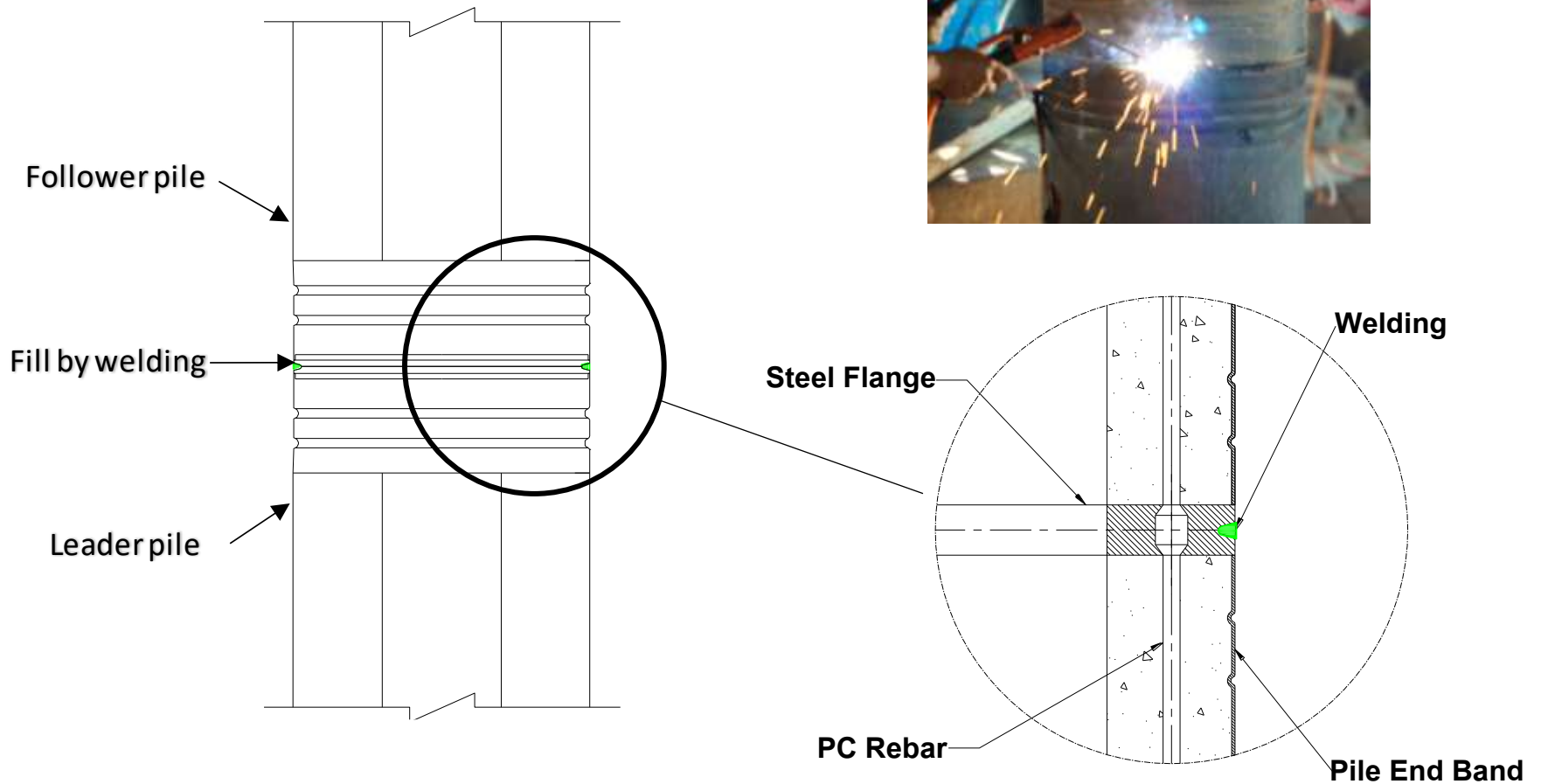
File Installation using Drop Hammering Method

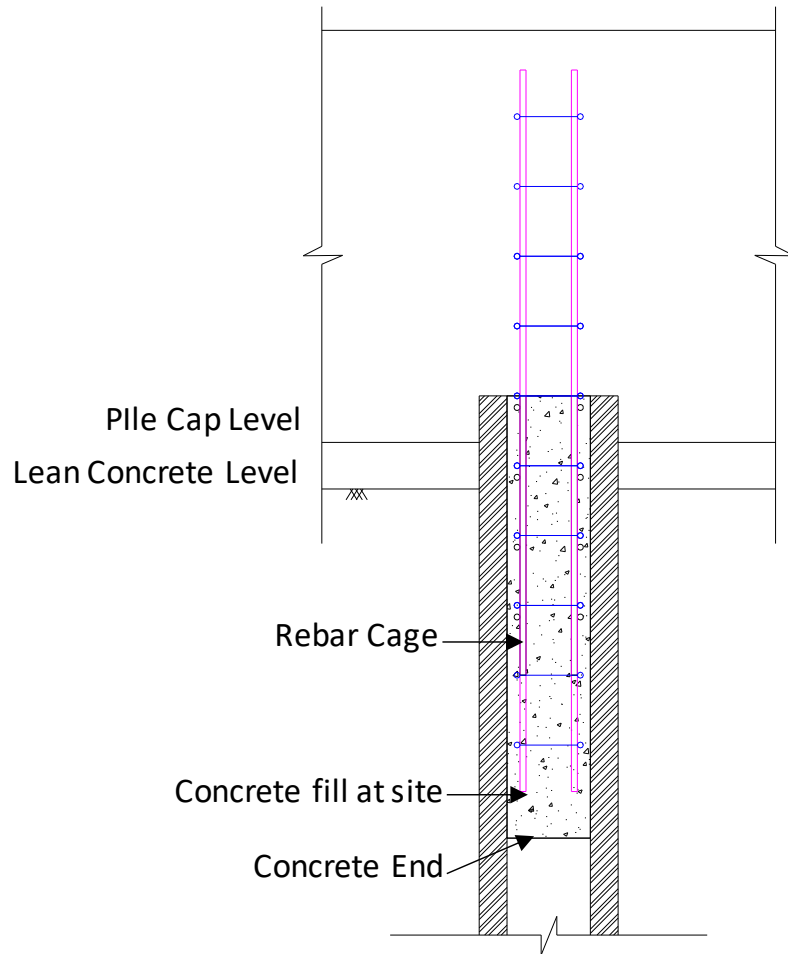


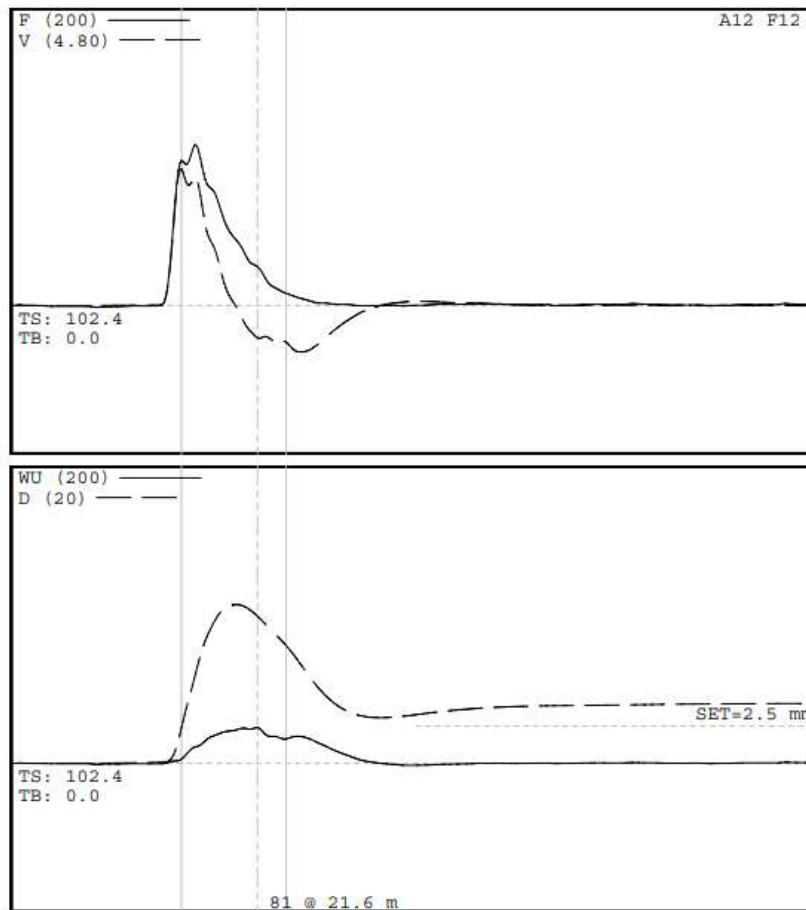
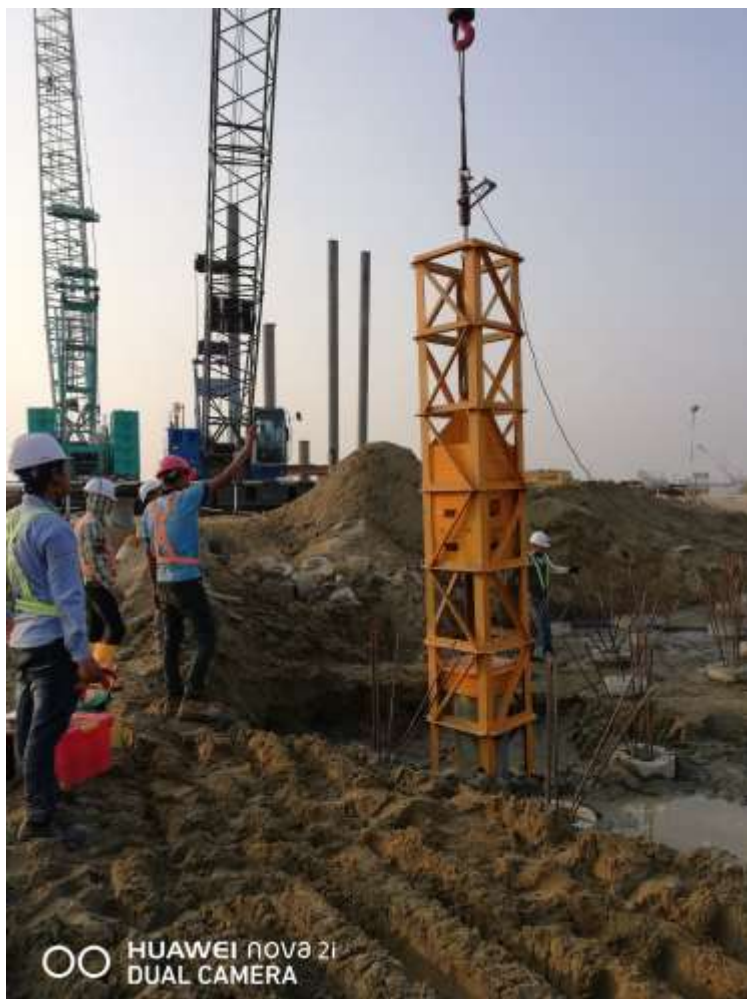
III.3. Construction Method for Spun Pile (currently)

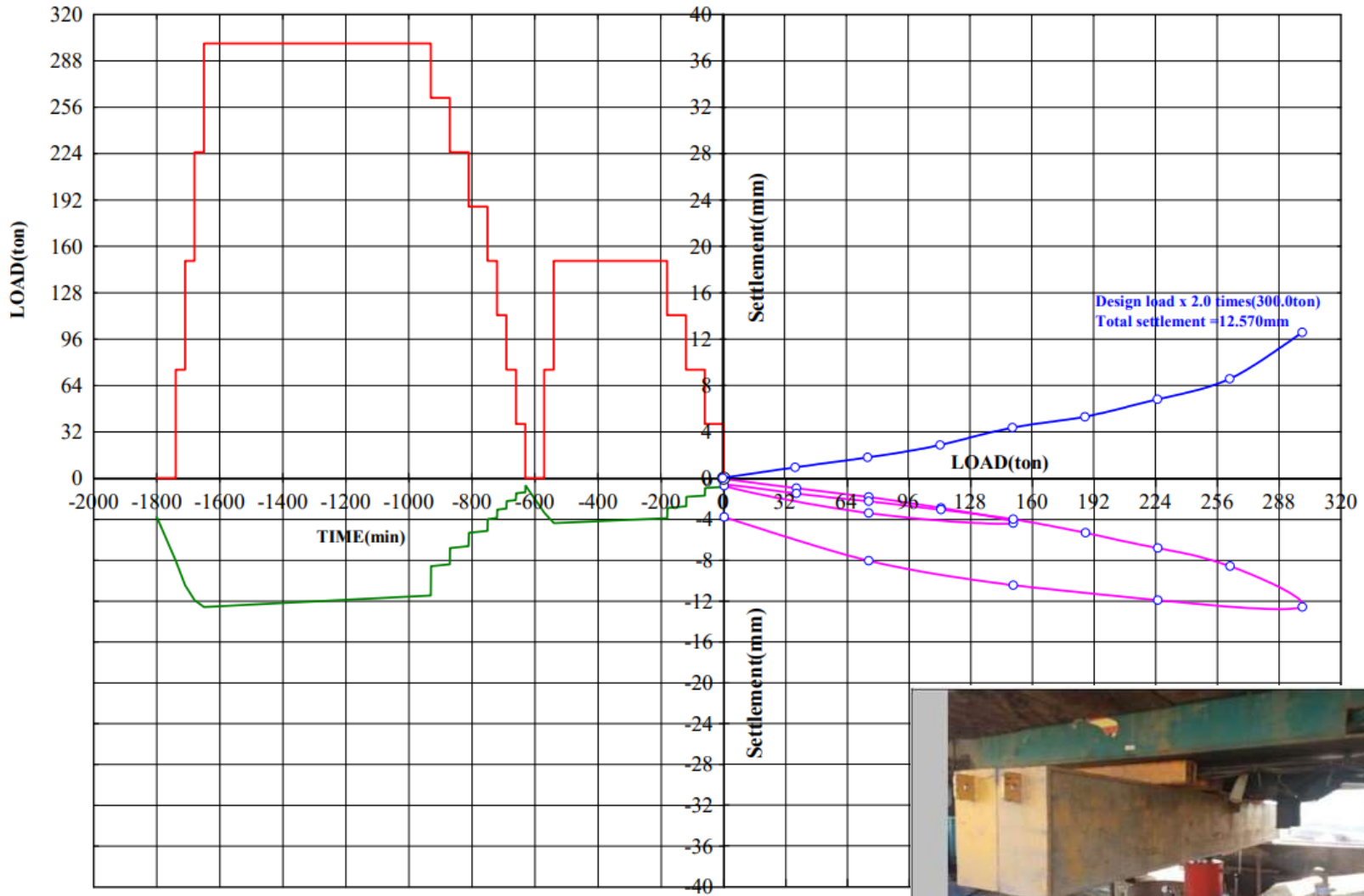
Pile Installation using Pre-Boring with Jack-in-Pile Method

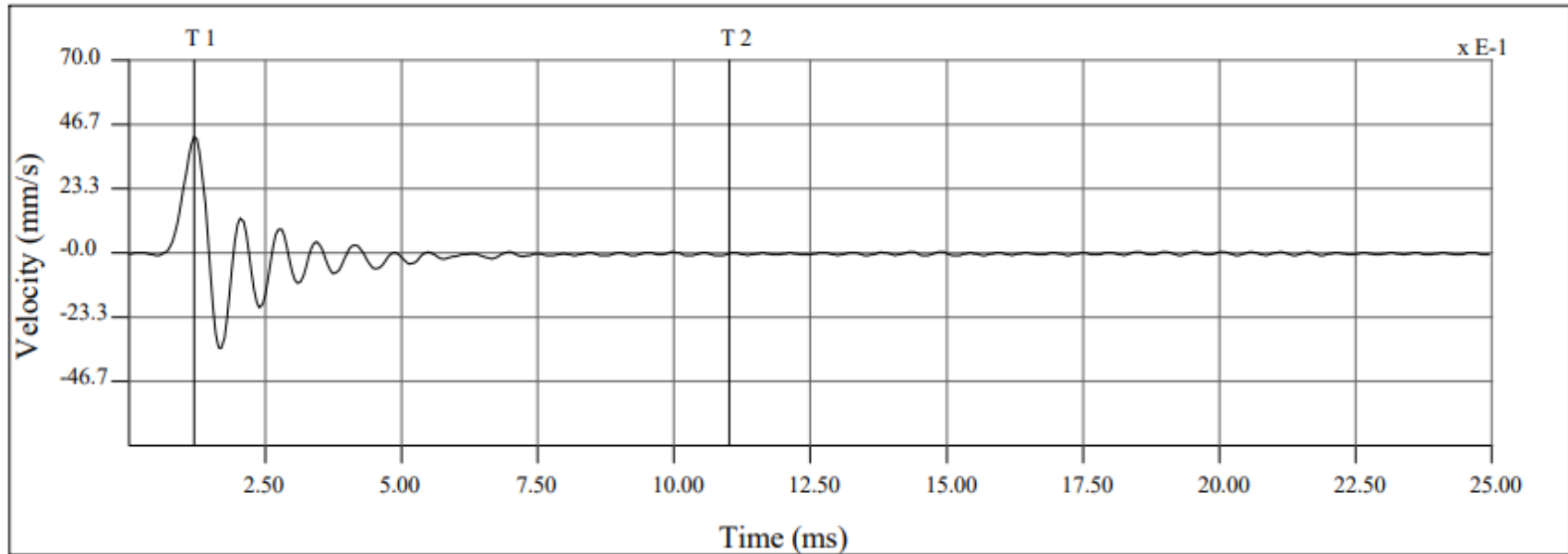












Please feel freely for any Discussion !

Thank you very much for your attention.

Seminar on Study of Technology of Post-tensioning Segmental Girder in Myanmar

Present by
Zaw Lwin Moe
B.E (Civil)

I. Introduction to Pre-cast Segmental Bridge Girder

- I.1. Advantages of Precast Post Tension Segmental Girder

- I.2. Reference Projects

- **II. Assembly of Girder, Execution on Site**

- **III. Production of Girder**

I. Introduction to Pre-cast and Post-tensioned Segmental Bridge Girder



I.1 Advantages of Precast Post Tension Segmental Girder



- High Quality can be maintained by manufacturing in the factory
- No concrete work in the site
- Minimize the work period and men power in the project site
- No interruption due to the rain
- Easily Transport by segmental girder to the erection points

I.2 Reference Project of Post tensioned Segmental Girder

**New Myaing Mya Bridge Project under Ministry of Construction
(Completed in 2019)**

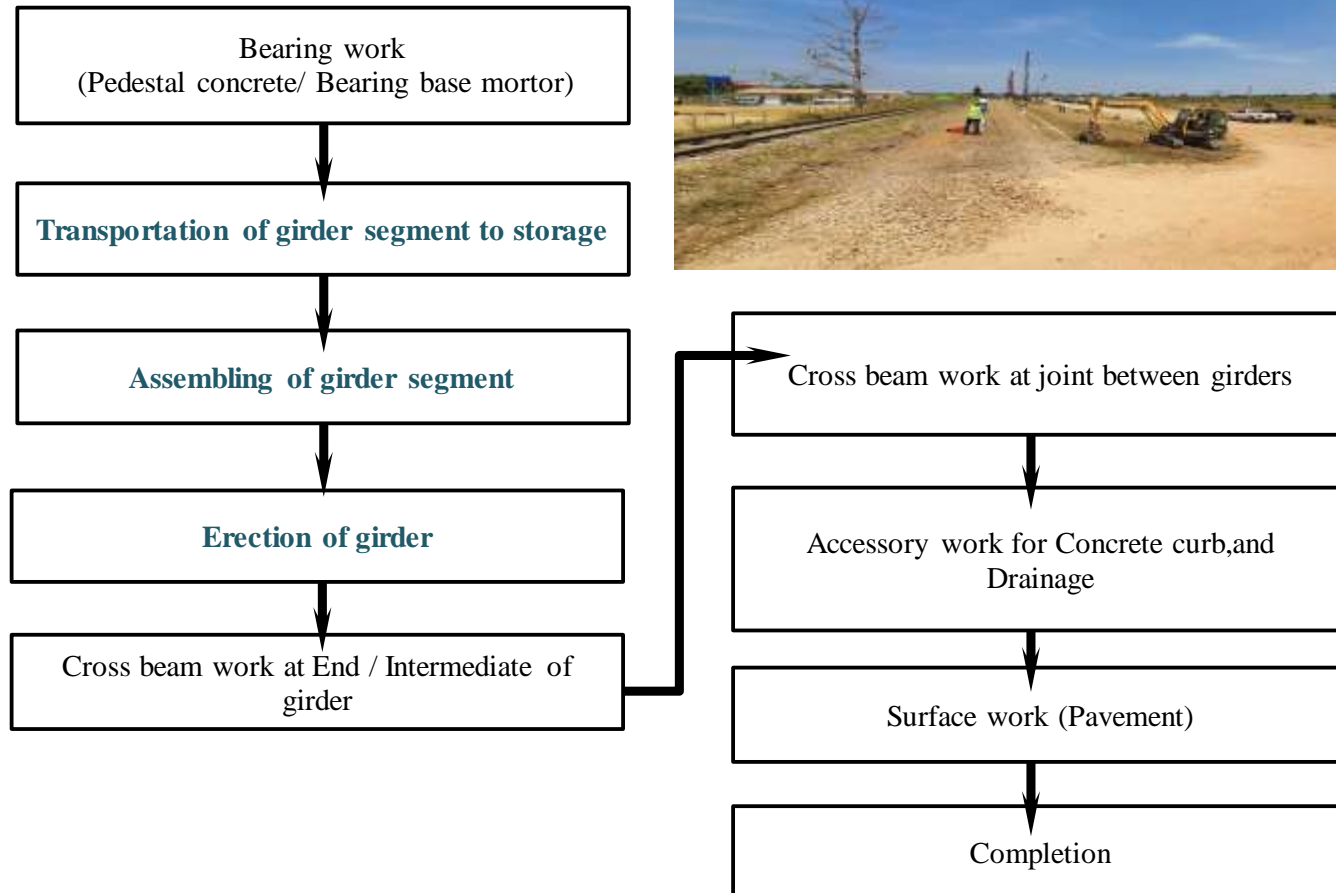


Post Tensioned Segmental I Girder

Total Length	-	540 meter (Approach Bridge)
Client	-	Ministry of Construction

II. Assembly of Girder, Execution on Site

Flow Chart for Execution on Site



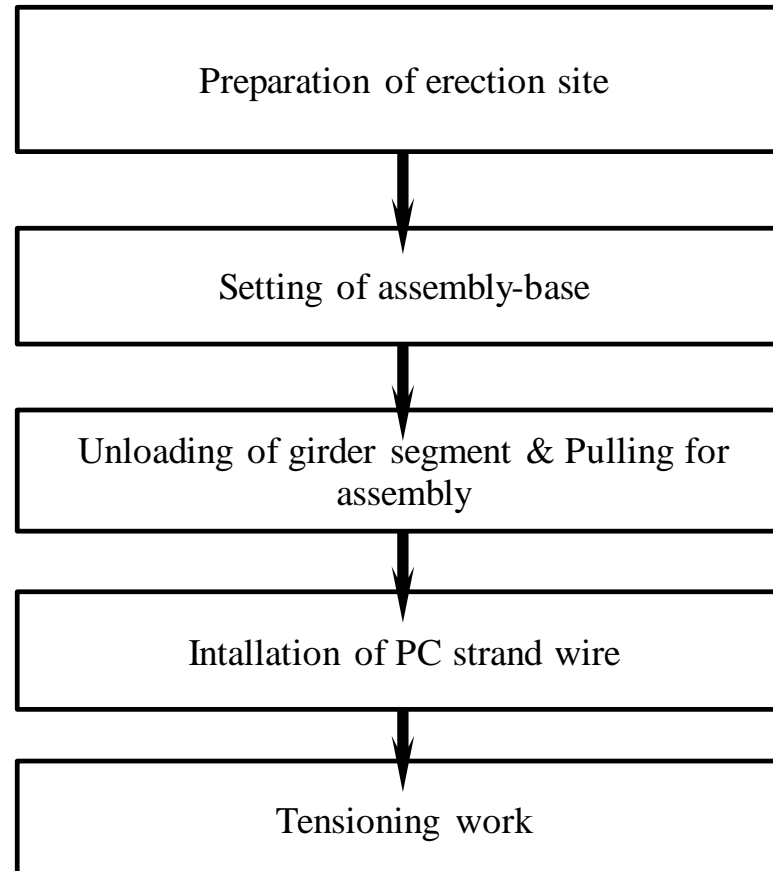
II. Assembly of Girder, Execution on Site

Transportation of girder segment



II. Assembly of Girder, Execution on Site

Assembly of girder segment



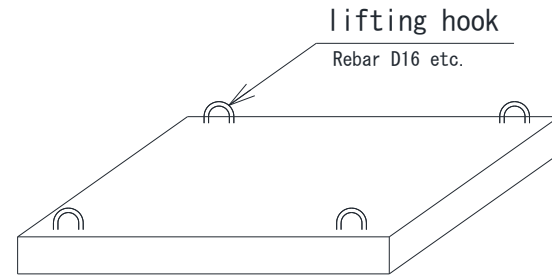
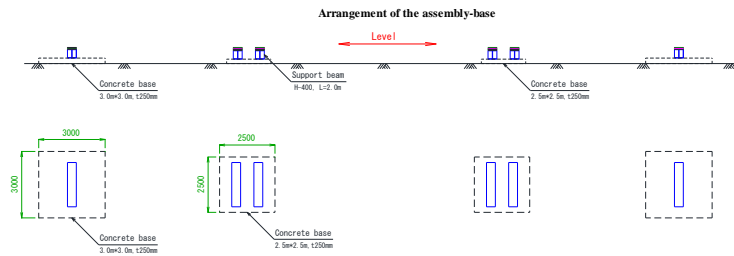
II. Assembly of Girder, Execution on Site

Preparation of erection site



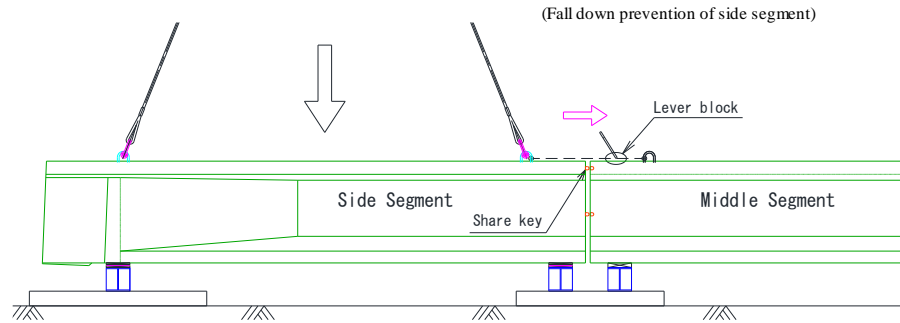
II. Assembly of Girder, Execution on Site

Setting of assembly-base



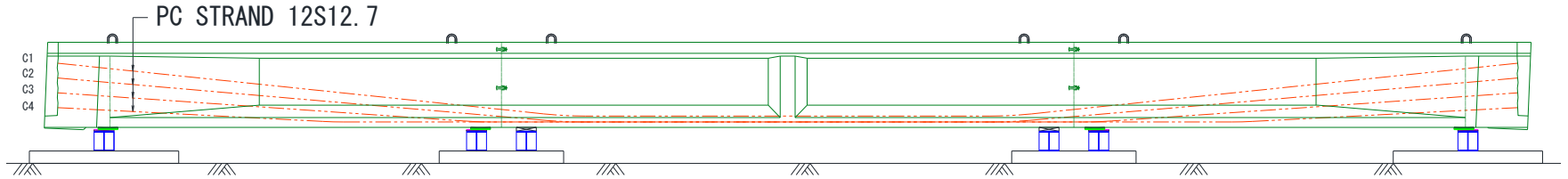
II. Assembly of Girder, Execution on Site

3) Unloading of girder segment & Pulling for assembly



II. Assembly of Girder, Execution on Site

4) Installation of PC strand wire



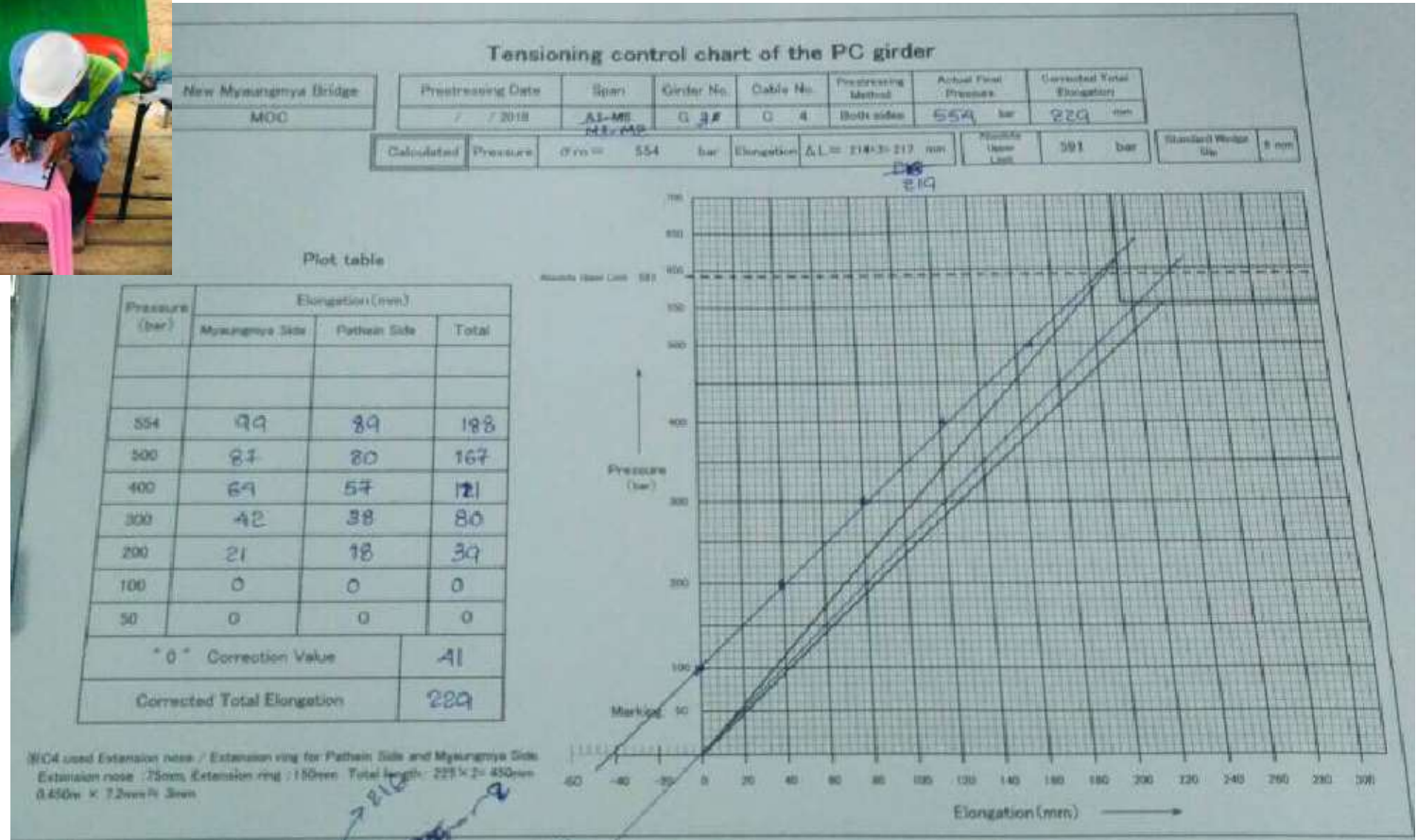
II. Assembly of Girder, Execution on Site

5) Tensioning work



II. Assembly of Girder, Execution on Site

5) Tensioning work



II. Assembly of Girder, Execution on Site

(1) Erection of girder



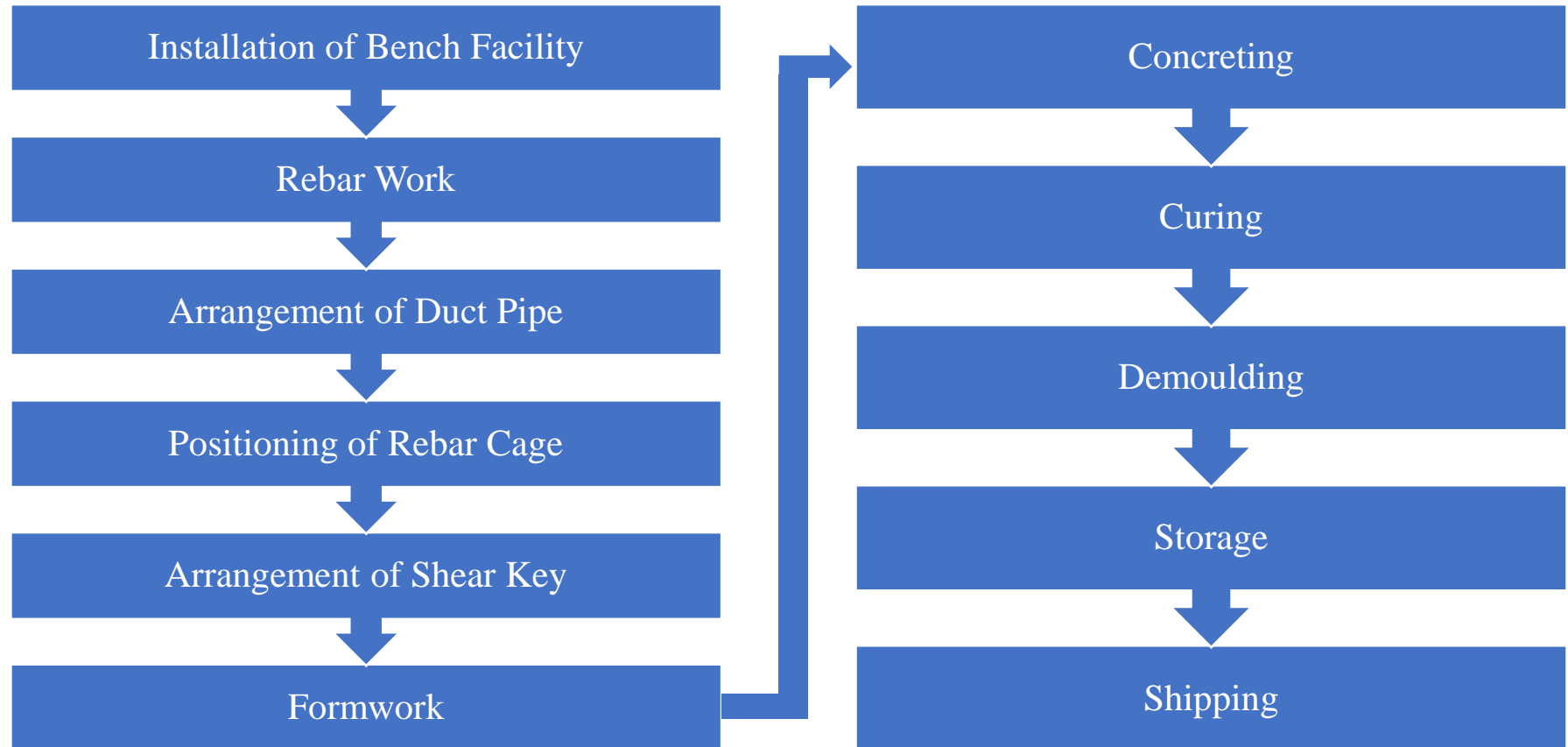
II. Assembly of Girder, Execution on Site

(2) Grouting work for PC strand



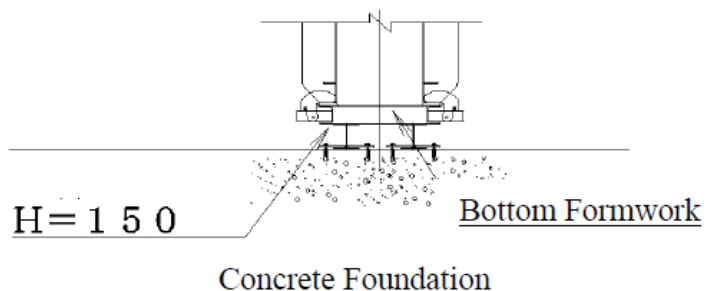
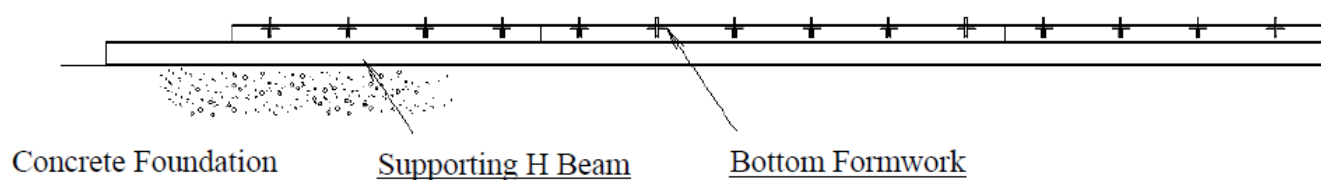
III. Girder Production Procedure

Flow Chart in Production



III. Girder Production Procedure

Installation of Bench Facility



III. Girder Production Procedure Rebar Work



Cutting



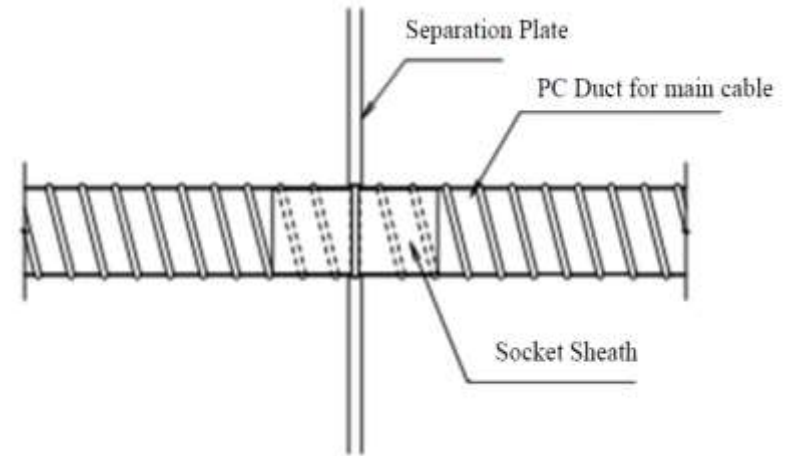
Bending



Assembling

III. Girder Production Procedure

Arrangement of Duct Pipe



Partation Plate & PC Duct Connection

III. Girder Production Procedure

Positioning of Rebar Cage



III. Girder Production Procedure Arrangement of Shear Key



Shear Key

Partition plate

III. Girder Production Procedure Formwork



Fixing Formworks

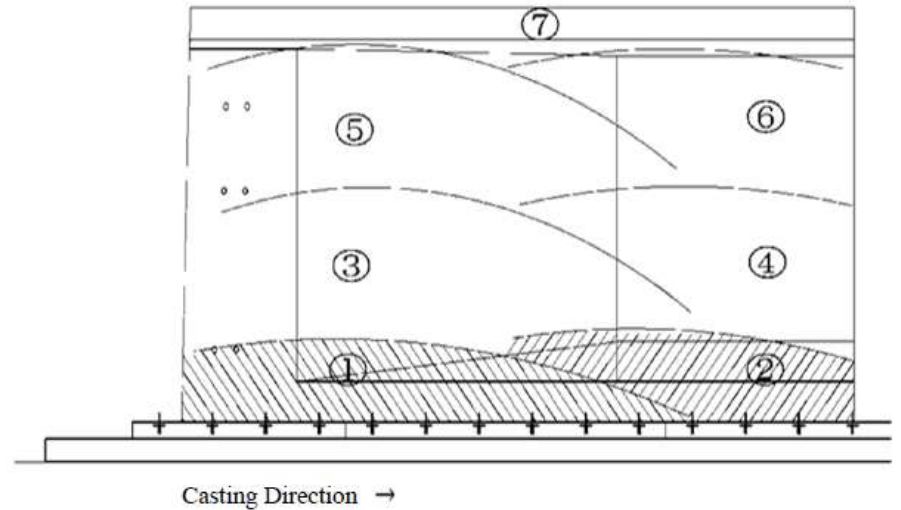


III.2. Girder Production Procedure

Concreting



Side View



Casting Sequence

III. Girder Production Procedure

Curing

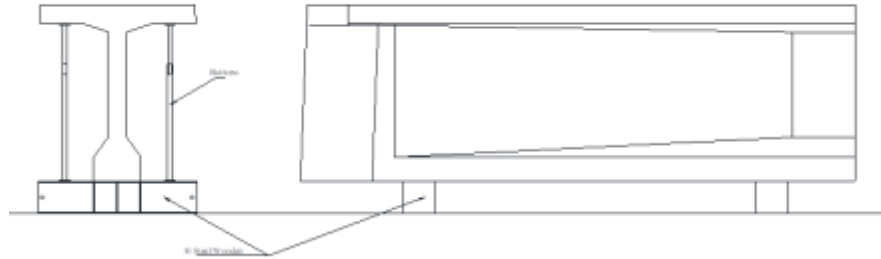


III. Girder Production Procedure Demoulding



III. Girder Production Procedure

Storage



III. Girder Production Procedure

Shipping



IV. Quality Control

- ❖ Aggregate Sieve Analysis and Sand Moisture Test
- ❖ Test of Concrete Compressive Strength
- ❖ Checking of Concrete Slump and Temperature
- ❖ Inspection of Duct Pipe Location & Segment Length

1) Aggregate Sieve Analysis and Sand Moisture Test



**Testing Standard:
Sieve Analysis (ASTM C33) and Sand Moisture (JIS A111)**

2) Test of Concrete Compressive Strength



**Testing Standard:
Compressive Strength of Cylinder Concrete (ASTM C39)**

3) Inspection of Duct Pipe Location & Segment Length



Please feel freely for any Discussion !

Thank you very much for your attention.